

## Improving Service Utility and Delivery for Next Generation Networks

### Dr. Heinrich J. Stüttgen

Vice President NEC Laboratories Europe – NEC Europe Ltd. <u>stuttgen@netlab.nec.de</u>





## **NEC Europe Laboratories**

located in

**NW Div.:** Heidelberg (D) & Acton (UK) **IT Div.:** Bonn/St. Augustin (D)

- ~ 110 staff working on network and IT research & development
  - ✓ Communications Protocols
  - ✓ Network & Service Management
  - ✓ Security, Privacy & Performance
  - Distributed Services and Service Platforms
  - ✓ High-Performance & Grid Computing
  - ✓ Parallel Processing
- http://www.netlab.nec.de
- http://www.ccrl-nece.de



Kurfürstenanlage 36, D69115 Heidelberg Dr. Heinrich Stüttgen Vice President NEC Laboratories Europe <u>stuttgen@netlab.nec.de</u>

## <u>Communication in the 23rd Century</u>





- it's high function
  - multimedia
  - group
  - faster than light (??)
- it's ubiquitous
  - available anywhere I want
  - p2p, p2m, m2m
- it's usable
  - wearable
  - no wires restricting our moves
  - voice activated
  - Transparent (unseen)
- it's adaptive
  - heterogeneous devices
  - heterogeneous networks
  - automatically adapts
  - IT and networks merge and disappear



## **Research Dimensions**





## Key Communication Trends

### **Near Term Trends**

- from circuit switching to packet switching
  - POTS  $\rightarrow$  POTS + Internet  $\rightarrow$  Internet with VoIP and IPTV
  - $3G + GPRS \rightarrow 3G + GPRS + IMS \rightarrow 3G AII-IP$

### **Mid Term Trends**

- from homogeneous to heterogeneous networks
  - seamless integration of 3G and 802.11, 802.16....
  - always best connected paradigm ....
  - integrating digital broadcast and ad-hoc access (infrastructure-less)
- fixed-mobile convergence towards a true NGN

### **Longer Term Trends:**

- computers and communications everywhere towards ubiquitous and pervasive computing
  - self-organizing/self-managing/autonomic networks
- rich and usable services across various networks and terminals
  - user-friendly, adaptive, personalized services

## Network and Services Evolution



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## **Communications Services Key Challenges**

### Service Creation & Delivery for efficient service deployment

- enable a service eco-system allowing new value chains & business models
- integrating IT and network technologies for faster service delivery
- support the co-evolution of networks and services
- Security and Privacy to remove service adoption barriers
  - Identity Managament to make security solutions easier to use
  - consistent authentication for network and application services
  - improved privacy control for providers and users
- Context Awareness as a means to increase service utility
  - provide the right services at the right time in the right form
  - service enabler providing personalized, user-centric services
- Ubiquitous networks
  - Impact of ubiquitous on services local connectivity, sensors providing context information
  - Challenges for ubiquitous networks
    - autonomic networking
    - security and privacy in ubiquitous networks



## Service Creation and Delivery

### ⇒ EU FP6 SPICE and NEC's SIE Project

Jul. 07 - 8

### <u>Service Delivery Technologies</u> Enabling Rich Service Worlds

### **Service Delivery Platforms:**

- Orchestration: combination of basic services to form more complex advanced services
- **Controlled access** to resources for internal and 3rd party application developers



- combining IT and Networking technologies
- rich set of service enablers
- integration technologies
  - Federated Identity
  - Profile Management
  - Policy Management
  - Common OSS/BSS
- Service-Oriented Architectures

### State-of-the-art technology:

- Service-Oriented Architectures
- OMA Service Enablers for IMS
- New Execution Environments: BPEL, JSLEE, OMA OSE



### <u>Service Delivery and Value-added Services</u> <u>Goals and Activities</u>



## Challenges in Service Delivery

### Advanced software technologies for efficiency, scalability, reusability

- Model-driven architectures
- Flexible composition architectures build on SOA
- Integration of different technologies (converging SIP-based and web-services)

### **Incorporate Web 2.0 Paradigm**

- User generated services harnessing collective intelligence
- Creation of web content via mixing ("mashing") of content of websites
- Personal publishing via social networks, and content self-creation ("folksonomy")

### **Business Logic Control Layer**

- Telco become broker and mediator based on semantic service descriptions
- Business logic execution engines

### **Services integrating Ubiquitous Networks**

- Local environment: home, car, hotel, ...
- Combine private capabilites with operator-based services
  - operator-assisted ubiquitous networking
  - multi-modal services





## Security and Privacy

# ⇒ EU FP6 Projects Daidalos, MagnetBeyond, UbiSec&Sense

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## Virtual Identities Enhance Service Utility

- Growing numbers of communications services
  → burden users with increasingly complex authentication effort
- Users want a limited number of operators
  → enabling universal access to everything ideally "single sign-on"
- Identity solutions need to support multiple (virtual) identities for several profiles, roles and contexts, the maintenance of these identities, respecting privacy, and all available services, networks, content, ... wherever the user may be. (FP6 Daidalos)



- The trusted operator becomes a **proxy** for billing which is a business in itself.
- Improved Security through VIDs acting as pseudonyms
  - the service provider delivers without knowing the user.
  - the trusted operator (e.g. operator or bank) knows the user but not the service



## <u>Challenges in Identity Management</u>

- Identity driven mobility: Full top-down identity-based mobility
  - beyond integration of identity in known protocols
  - including multiple devices tied to a virtual identity for a single session
- Context and Personalization: Interfaces between the user and his data with maximum privacy and minimum leakage
  - Seamless tracking of user context
  - Minimal user interaction with improved learning mechanisms
  - Context obfuscation: Access control mechanisms on context data respecting user privacy needs/prefrences
- Name resolution: Secure resolution of names into multiple identities subject to access control
- Cryptographic primitives: New set of targeted cryptographic primitives supporting the use of different (multiple) identities and name resolution





## **Context Awareness**

⇒ EU FP6 Projects MobiLife & SPICE

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## <u>Context Utilization - Status Quo</u>

- determining context for users, groups, location, history based on mobile & ubiquitous network and web technologies
  - context agent for sensing and communicating information from mobile devices
  - processing framework for dynamically provide new context processing function

### large scale context distribution network

- connect many sources of context with context processing engines and service enablers to utilize context information
- context exchange protocol (CSIP) and broker (index servers) for efficient access



## Challenges in Context Awareness Technologies

### **Gather**

- Instrumenting the World
  - sensors
  - networks & IT system
  - application extraction
  - user provided

#### From Measurement to Semantic Context

- semantic abstraction
- adaptive gathering

### <u>Analyze</u>

#### **Flexible Analysis Engines**

- filtering, aggregation data mining, reasoning,
- offline/online machine learning & prediction

### **Creation Environment**

- creation process & refinement of processing
- simulation & testing

### <u>Utilize</u>

#### **Generic Enablers**

- information selection
- proactive, attentive services

### **Social Networking**

- group support
- multi-modality
- harnessing collective intelligence of users

### **Context Representat ion**

IETF Presence Data Interchange Format (PDIF) vs. W3C RDF Semantic representations/ontologies Quality of context – Reputation of Context Provider

### **Context C om municat ion P latfor m**

Scaleable, privacy-enhanced Context Exchange, IMS Integration Context Exchange protocols

Discovery of Context Sources, Inter and Intra-Domain Exchange

**Buildt-in Privacy Protection of Context Information is Key to Acceptance** 



## **Integrated Context Architecture**



- Personal Network
  - Context originates near user
  - Ad-hoc networks
  - Decentralized, self-organizing context management
  - User-owned and controlled management

### Gateway

- critical role for privacy protection
- privacy rule based filtering

### Context Delivery as IMS Service

- using IMS as base platform with the OMA OSE model
- Discovery & Management
- Enabler for sharing context between millions of users
- Enabler for offering 3<sup>rd</sup> party context services





- The trend towards ubiquitous networks diversifies (complicates) total network complexity
- It emphasizes the need for usability, simplicity, consistency and machine aid at the service layer for users and service providers
- Users don't want to manage a "technology zoo" but look for a usable, dependable, consistent, rich service portfolio
- Reducing complexity for users and service providers is the key challenge for the future.
  - hiding increasing infrastructure complexity from the user
  - enhanced security and privacy to build user's trust
  - "intelligent user support" enhacing usability
  - rich and flexible service eco-system enabling new value chains and business models
    - $\succ$  there is no one killer application

but we need to provide ever new services in a fast and efficient manner